

Leptophilic New Physics

Fiona Kirk



University of
Zurich^{UZH}



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Outline

Lepton Flavour (Universality) Violation

The Cabibbo Angle Anomaly

Hints for LFUV in leptonic τ decays

Leptophilic New Physics

Vectorlike Leptons

Singly Charged Scalar Singlet

Leptophilic Z' Bosons

Conclusions

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The Cabibbo Angle Anomaly: Determination of V_{us}

Cabibbo matrix:

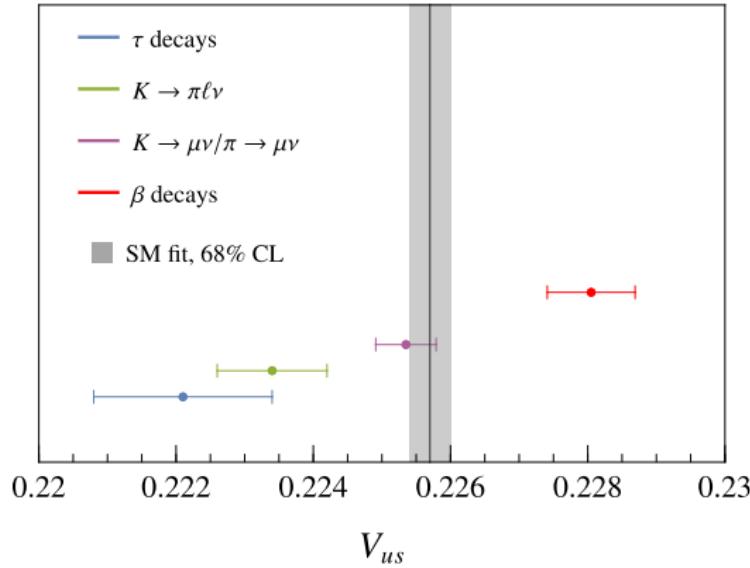
$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ -\sin \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \end{pmatrix}$$

Cabibbo angle

CKM matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

The Cabibbo Angle Anomaly: Determination of V_{us}



" V_{us} from β decays":

$$|V_{ud}|^2 + |V_{us}|^2 + |V_{ub}|^2 = 1 \Rightarrow V_{us} \sim \sqrt{1 - V_{ud}^2} \quad (V_{ub} \approx 0.0037 \sim 0)$$

$\Rightarrow 3\sigma$ tension (PDG)

Cabibbo matrix:

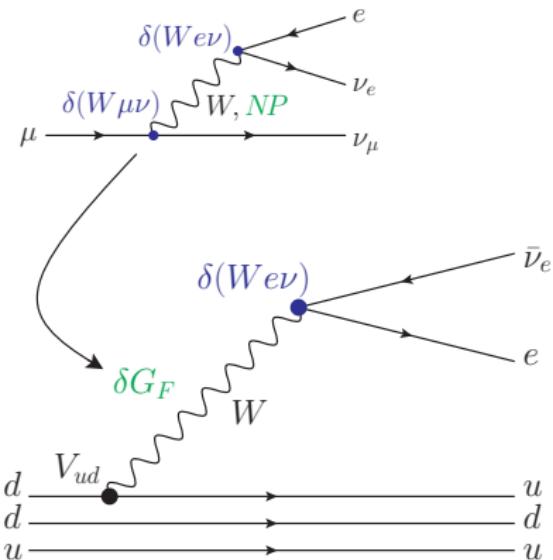
$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

Cabibbo angle

CKM matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_C & \sin \theta_C & 0 \\ -\sin \theta_C & \cos \theta_C & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

Leptophilic Resolutions of the Cabibbo Angle Anomaly



- Singly charged scalar singlet
⇒ Modified Fermi constant, G_F
- Leptophilic Z' bosons
⇒ Modified Fermi constant, G_F
- Vectorlike Leptons
⇒ Modified $W\ell\nu$, $Z\ell\ell$, $Z\nu\nu$

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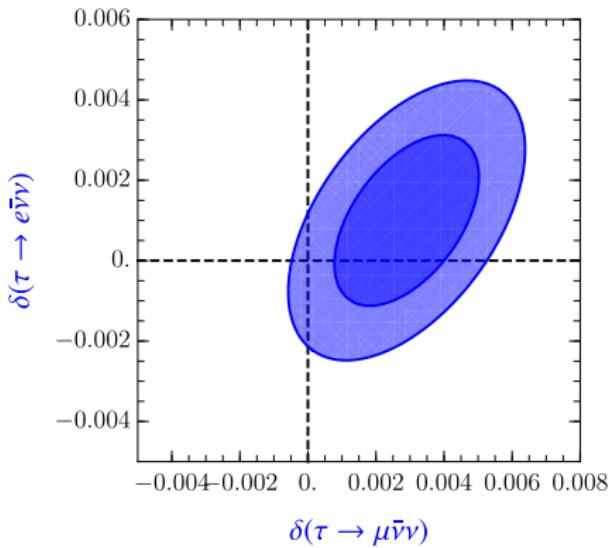
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Lepton Flavour Universality Violation in τ decays

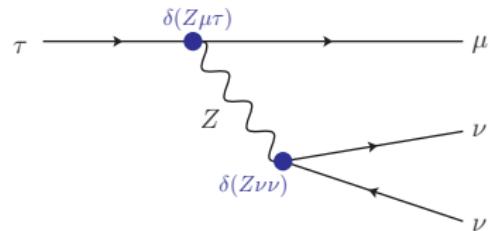
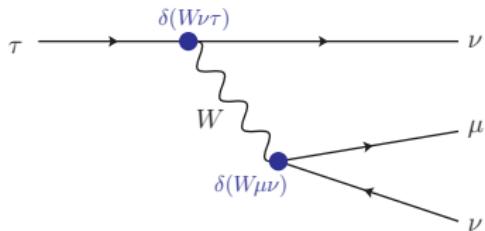


Plot for $\delta(\mu \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu) = 0$

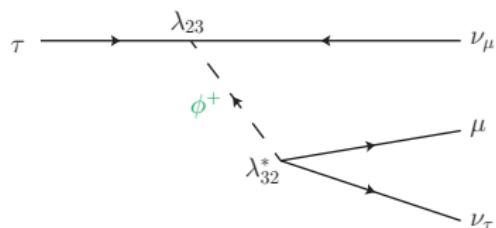
$$\frac{\mathcal{A}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu)}{\mathcal{A}(\mu \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu)} \Big|_{\text{EXP}} = 1.0029(14)$$
$$\frac{\mathcal{A}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu)}{\mathcal{A}(\tau \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu)} \Big|_{\text{EXP}} = 1.0018(14)$$
$$\frac{\mathcal{A}(\tau \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu)}{\mathcal{A}(\mu \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu)} \Big|_{\text{EXP}} = 1.0010(14)$$

$$\delta(\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu) = \frac{\mathcal{A}_{NP}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu)}{\mathcal{A}_{SM}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu)}$$
$$\delta(\tau \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu) = \frac{\mathcal{A}_{NP}(\tau \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu)}{\mathcal{A}_{SM}(\tau \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu)}$$

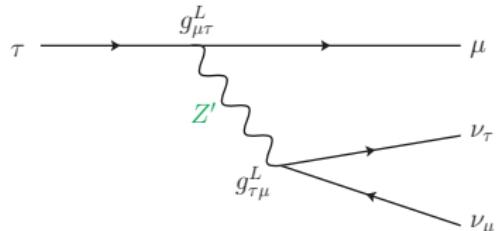
Leptophilic New Physics in $\tau \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu} \nu / \tau(\mu) \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu$



Vectorlike Leptons



Singly charged scalar singlet, ϕ^+



Leptophilic Z' boson

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Vectorlike Leptons

Interact in a **non-chiral** way with electroweak gauge bosons: “**L=R**”

Neutral under $SU(3)_c$

⇒ Vectorlike leptons can have “**bare**” **masses** (before EWSB):

$$\mathcal{L}_{VLL} = i\bar{\psi}\gamma_\mu D^\mu \psi - M_\psi \bar{\psi}\psi$$

⇒ Anomaly-free

⇒ Only modify the **electroweak sector**

⇒ Couple to SM-leptons & -Higgs

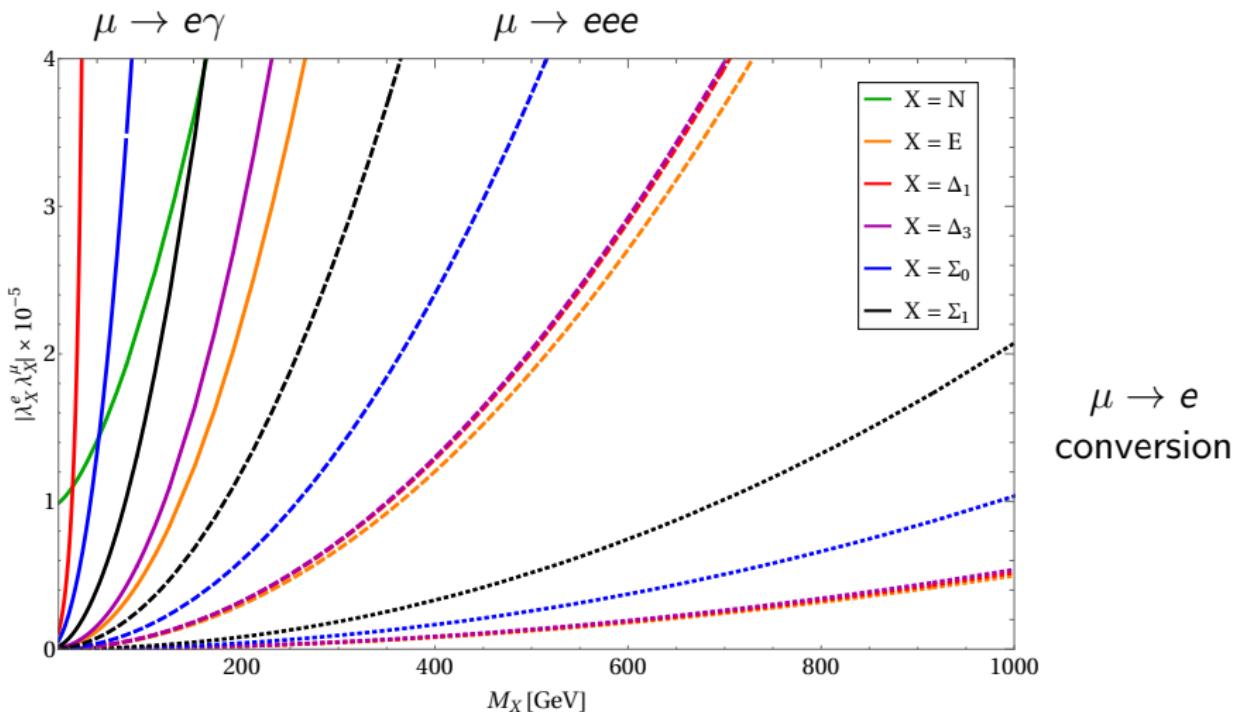
⇒ Mix with SM-leptons after EWSB

⇒ **modify $W\ell\nu$, $Z\nu\nu$ & $Z\ell\ell$**

Vectorlike leptons respecting the SM gauge group

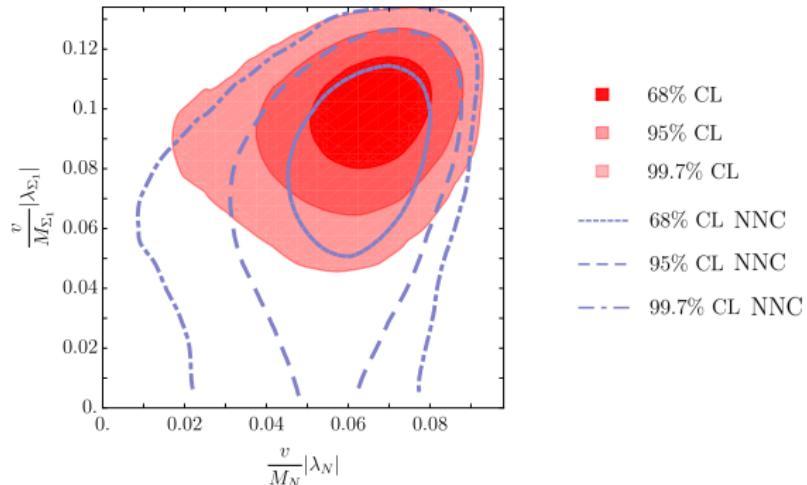
		$SU(3)$	$SU(2)_L$	$U(1)_Y$
SM	ℓ	1	2	-1/2
	e	1	1	-1
	ϕ	1	2	1/2
VLLs	N	1	1	0
	E	1	1	-1
	$\Delta_1 = (\Delta_1^0, \Delta_1^-)$	1	2	-1/2
	$\Delta_3 = (\Delta_3^-, \Delta_3^{--})$	1	2	-3/2
	$\Sigma_0 = (\Sigma_0^+, \Sigma_0^0, \Sigma_0^-)$	1	3	0
	$\Sigma_1 = (\Sigma_1^0, \Sigma_1^-, \Sigma_1^{--})$	1	3	-1

Vectorlike Leptons: Constraints from $\mu \rightarrow e$



Vectorlike Leptons: Best Fit

- One generation of singlet N coupling **only** to electrons
- One generation of triplet Σ_1 coupling **only** to muons



λ_N : $N\phi e$ -coupling, λ_{Σ_1} : $\Sigma_1\phi\mu$ -coupling; M_{N,Σ_1} : masses of N, Σ_1

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The Singly Charged Scalar Singlet ϕ^+

	$SU(3)_c$	$SU(2)_L$	$U(1)_Y$	
ϕ^+	1	1	1	singly charged scalar

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\Rightarrow no couplings to quarks, right-handed leptons

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} - \left(\frac{\lambda_{ij}}{2} \bar{L}_{a,i}^c \varepsilon_{ab} L_{b,j} \phi^+ + \text{h.c.} \right)$$

Here

$$a,b: SU(2)_L \text{ indices} \quad \varepsilon_{ab} = i\sigma_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

i,j: flavour indices

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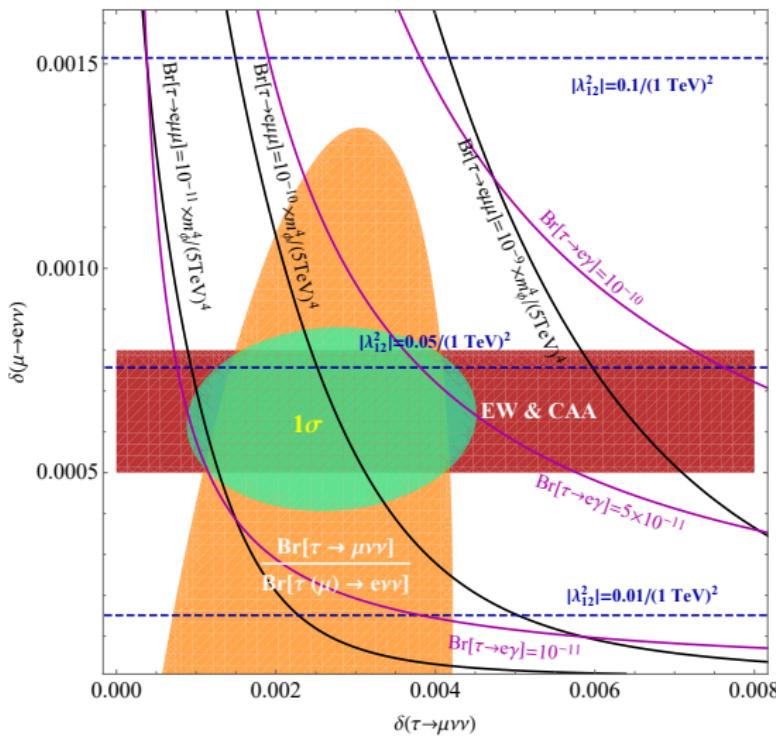
i,j: flavour indices

⇒ λ_{ij} antisymmetric in flavour

⇒ automatically lepton flavour (universality) violating

Only 4 new parameters: λ_{12} , λ_{13} , λ_{23} and m_ϕ

Singly Charged Scalar: Flavour bounds & EW data



Scenario with $\lambda_{13} = 0$

(constraints from $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$, $\mu \rightarrow e$ conv.)

Best fit region for

- EW data & the Cabibbo angle anomaly
- $\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu / \tau(\mu) \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}\nu$

suggests

- $\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow e\mu\mu) \sim 10^{-10} \frac{m_\phi^4}{(5 \text{TeV})^4}$
- $10^{-11} \lesssim \text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow e\gamma) \lesssim 5 \times 10^{-11}$
- $\frac{|\lambda_{12}|^2}{m_\phi^2} \sim \frac{0.05}{(1 \text{TeV})^2}$ (\rightarrow mono photon)

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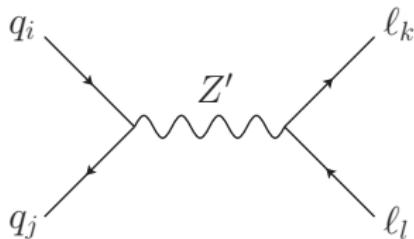
Singly Charged Scalar Singlet

Leptophilic Z' Bosons

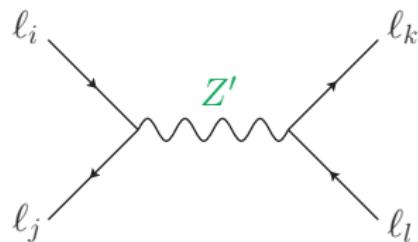
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“Standard” Z' Bosons vs. Leptophilic Z' Bosons

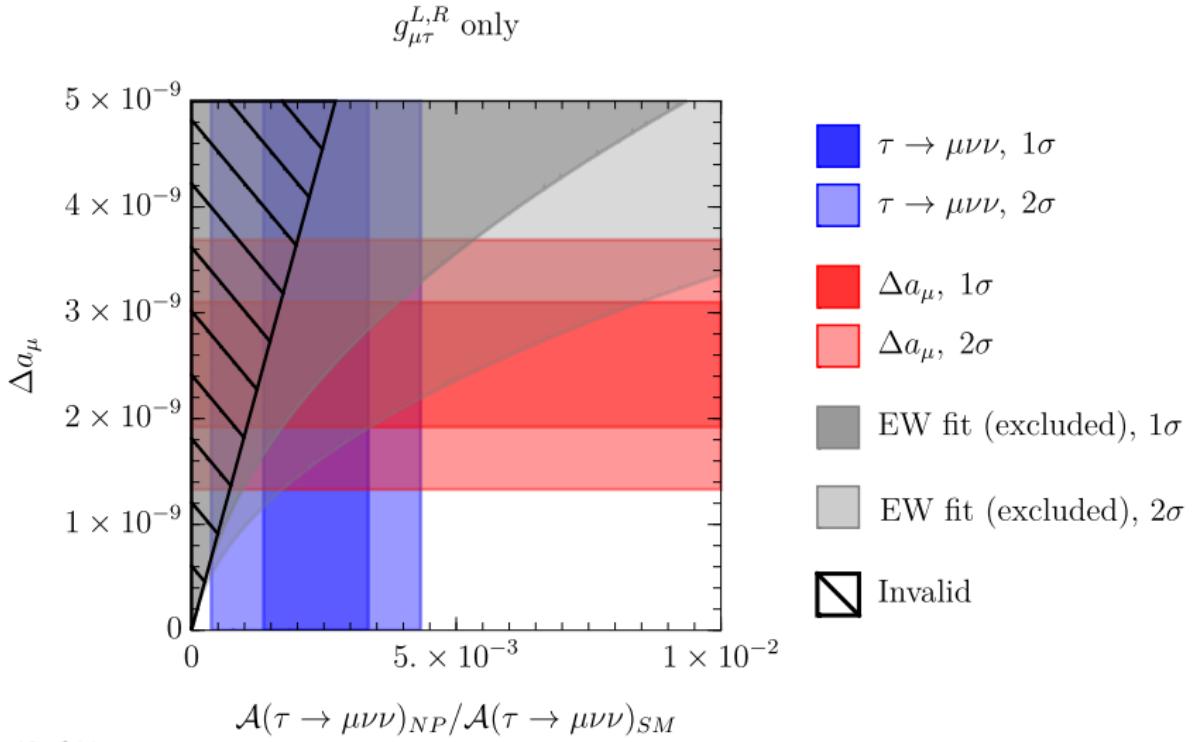
- Simple Extension of the SM
- Predicted by many models
- Strongly constrained by di-jet, di-lepton searches



- Z' bosons that couple to leptons
 - ⇒ less constrained by LHC data
(⇒ LEP)
 - ⇒ can be lighter (< TeV-scale)
- Gluons couple to quarks,
 Z' couples to leptons?



Leptophilic Z' Bosons: $M_{Z'} = 1$ TeV, $g_{\mu\tau}$ only



Conclusions

Recent hints for Lepton Flavour Universality Violation, in particular

- The Cabibbo Angle Anomaly
 - Deviations from the SM in $\tau \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu} \nu / \tau(\mu) \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu$
- can be addressed by leptophilic new physics.

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Examples presented here:

- Vectorlike Leptons: $N, E, \Delta_1, \Delta_3, \Sigma_0, \Sigma_1$
- Singly Charged Scalar Singlet, ϕ^+
- Leptophilic Z' Bosons

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Lepton Flavour Violation

- Forbidden in the SM
 - Strongly constrained by experiment
- ⇒ Clean discovery channels

For “The Details”:

- Vectorlike leptons

arXiv:2008.01113/ JHEP 12 (2020) 166, with Andreas Crivellin, FK,
Claudio Andrea Manzari, Marc Montull

- Singly charged scalar singlet, ϕ^+

arXiv:2012.09845/ Phys.Rev.D 103 (2021), Andreas Crivellin, FK,
Claudio Andrea Manzari, Luca Panizzi

- Leptophilic Z' bosons

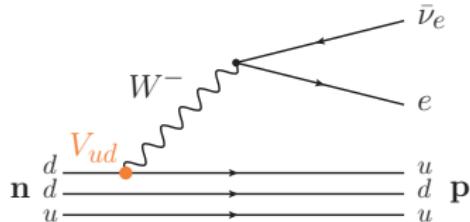
arXiv:2104.07680/ JHEP06 (2021) 068, Andrzej J. Buras, Andreas
Crivellin, FK, Claudio Andrea Manzari and Marc Montull

Backup slides

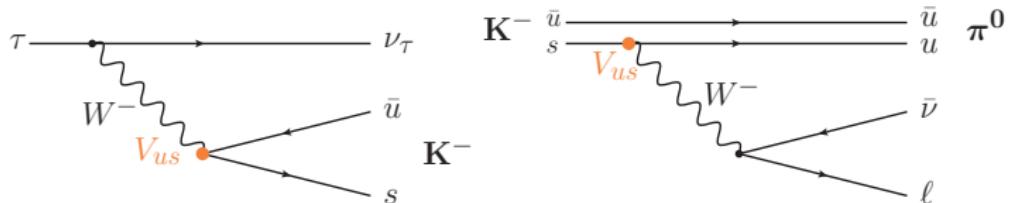
The Cabibbo Angle

The Cabibbo angle can be determined from

- V_{ud} from superallowed β -decays ($0^+ - 0^+$ -transitions)



- V_{us} from τ -decays & from K -decays



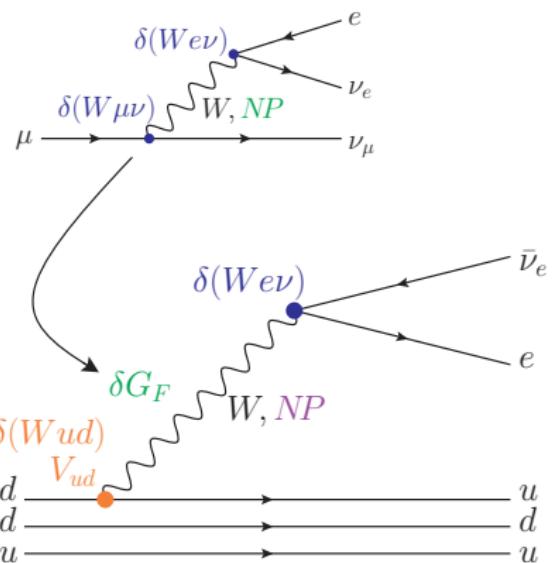
- V_{cd} from $D \rightarrow \mu\nu$

New Physics Interpretations of the CAA arXiv: 2008.03261

- Direct contributions to β -decays
- Modified Wud -coupling
- Modified $W\ell\nu$ -coupling
- Direct contributions to μ -decays
⇒ Modified Fermi constant, G_F

$$\delta(\mu \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu) = \frac{\mathcal{A}_{NP}(\mu \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu)}{\mathcal{A}_{SM}(\mu \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{G_F = G_F^{\text{SM}} (1 + \delta(\mu \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu))}$$



Resolution of the Cabibbo Angle Anomaly

Assume

$$|V_{ud}|^2(1 - \delta(\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu))^2 + |V_{us}|^2 + |V_{ub}|^2 = 0.9985(5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow V_{us}^\beta &\equiv \sqrt{1 - \left(V_{ud}^\beta\right)^2 - |V_{ub}|^2} \\ &\simeq V_{us}^L \left[1 + \left(\frac{V_{ud}^L}{V_{us}^L} \right)^2 \delta(\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu) \right]. \end{aligned}$$

V_{us}^β : determined via CKM unitarity from V_{ud}^β (β decays)

$V_{us(ud)}^L$: values in the CKM matrix

Leptophilic Z' Bosons: The Pragmatic Approach

- Agnostic about origin of Z' boson
- Simply assume $M_{Z'} > M_{EW}$
- Leptophilic Z' boson \Rightarrow couplings to SM leptons ℓ, ν
- Can allow for $Z - Z'$ -mixing \Rightarrow correction to m_Z (destructive)

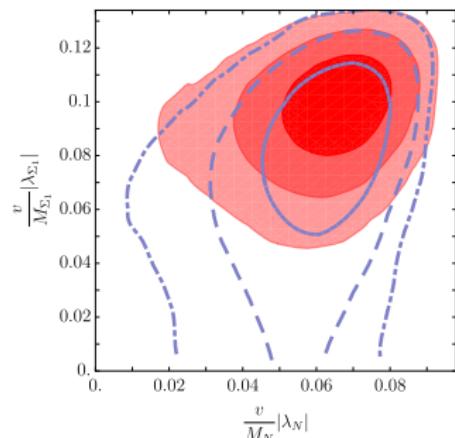
Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \underbrace{-i g_{Z'}^\varphi Z'^\mu \varphi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi}_{\begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow Z - Z' \text{-mixing} \\ \Rightarrow \text{mod. pole mass} \end{array}} + \underbrace{\bar{\ell}_i \left(g_{ij}^L \gamma_\mu P_L + g_{ij}^R \gamma_\mu P_R \right) \ell_j Z'^\mu}_{Z' \ell \ell \text{-couplings}} + \underbrace{\bar{\nu}_i g_{ij}^L \gamma_\mu P_L \nu_j Z'^\mu}_{Z' \nu \nu \text{-couplings}}$$

$$\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu = D_\mu - \overleftarrow{D}_\mu, \quad g_{Z'}^\varphi \in \mathbb{R}, \quad g_{ij}^{L/R} \text{ are Hermitian in flavour space}$$

Vectorlike Leptons: Best Fit

- one generation of singlet N coupling **only** to electrons
- one generation of triplet Σ_1 coupling **only** to muons



- 68% CL
- 95% CL
- 99.7% CL
- 68% CL NNC
- 95% CL NNC
- 99.7% CL NNC

Observable	Measurement	SM Posterior	NP Posterior	Pull
M_W [GeV]	$80.379(12)$	$80.363(4)$	$80.369(6)$	0.56
$R \left[\frac{K \rightarrow \mu\nu}{K \rightarrow e\nu} \right]$	0.9978 ± 0.0020	1	$1.00168(39)$	-0.80
$R \left[\frac{\pi \rightarrow \mu\nu}{\pi \rightarrow e\nu} \right]$	1.0010 ± 0.0009	1	$1.00168(39)$	0.42
$R \left[\frac{\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\bar{\nu}}{\tau \rightarrow e\nu\bar{\nu}} \right]$	1.0018 ± 0.0014	1	$1.00168(39)$	1.2
$ V_{us}^{K_{\mu^3}} $	$0.22345(67)$	$0.22573(35)$	$0.22519(39)$	0.77
$ V_{ud}^\beta $	$0.97365(15)$	$0.97419(8)$	$0.97378(13)$	2.52

IC value: 73 (vs. IC_{SM} : 93)

IC-value

Information criterion (IC): allows for a comparison between different models within a Bayesian approach

$$IC = -2 \log L + 4 \sigma_{\log L}^2$$

where

$\log L$: average of the log-likelihood

$\sigma_{\log L}$: variance of the log-likelihood

\Rightarrow *The smaller the IC-value, the better the NP-model.*

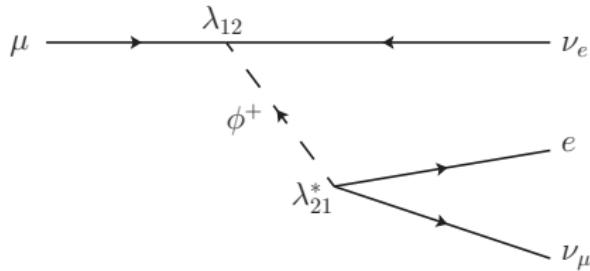
Pull

Pull of an observable \mathcal{O}_i :

$$P(\mathcal{O}_i) = \left| \frac{\mathcal{O}_i^{\text{exp}} - \mathcal{O}_i^{\text{SM}}}{\sqrt{(\sigma_i^{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_i^{\text{SM}})^2}} \right| - \left| \frac{\mathcal{O}_i^{\text{exp}} - \mathcal{O}_i^{\text{NP}}}{\sqrt{(\sigma_i^{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_i^{\text{NP}})^2}} \right|$$

\Rightarrow *The larger the pull, the better the NP-model.*

LFV via ϕ^+ : $\ell \rightarrow \ell' \bar{\nu} \nu$



Effect is necessarily **constructive**:

$$\delta(\mu \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu) = \frac{\mathcal{A}_{NP}(\mu \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu)}{\mathcal{A}_{SM}(\mu \rightarrow e \bar{\nu} \nu)} = + \frac{|\lambda_{12}|^2}{g_2^2} \frac{m_W^2}{m_\phi^2} \stackrel{\text{fit}}{=} 0.00065(15)$$

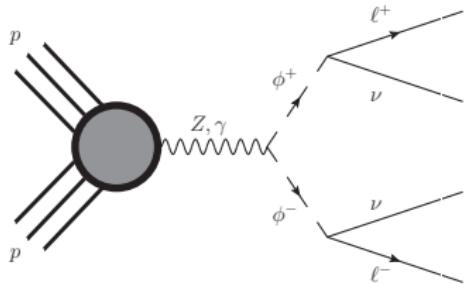
$$\delta(\tau \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu} \nu) = \frac{\mathcal{A}_{NP}(\tau \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu} \nu)}{\mathcal{A}_{SM}(\tau \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu} \nu)} = + \frac{|\lambda_{23}|^2}{g_2^2} \frac{m_W^2}{m_\phi^2} \approx 0.0019$$

LHC Searches

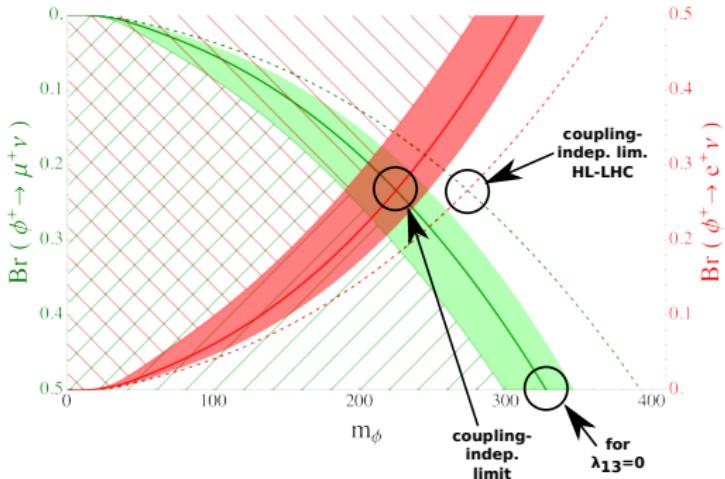
ϕ^+ : same quantum numbers as right-handed sleptons

Drell-Yan Pair Production

of ϕ^+ , with final state e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ & missing transverse energy



$$\text{Br}(\phi^+ \rightarrow e^+\nu) + \text{Br}(\phi^+ \rightarrow \mu^+\nu) \geq \frac{1}{2}$$

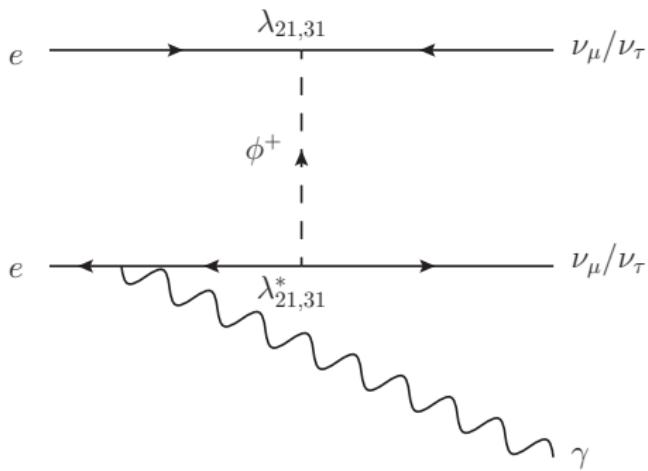


Recast of ATLAS searches for sleptons with 139/fb data, arXiv:1908.08215 [hep-ex]

Dashed lines: projected exclusion reach for an integrated luminosity of 3/fb at HL-LHC

LEP Searches

DM searches with mono-photon signatures at LEP:



DELPHI analyses

(arXiv:0406019, 0901.4486
[hep-ex])

& 1103.0240 [hep-ph]

$$\Rightarrow \frac{|\lambda_{12,13}|^2}{m_\phi^2} \lesssim \frac{1}{(175 \text{ GeV})^2}$$